

PROGRAMME

13:00 // Opening and Welcoming video speech
Li Andersson, Minister of Education, Ministry of Education and Culture

Intro and Introduction video, Antti Laitinen, Project manager, CSC

13:15 // Keynote speech on Continuous learning and Future of work Lauri Järvilehto, Ph.D., Professor of Practice, Aalto University

13:45 // Results from the CompLeap Project
Learner-centered framework architecture design
Demonstration of the CompLeap prototype
What did users think?

14:45 // Break



PROGRAMME

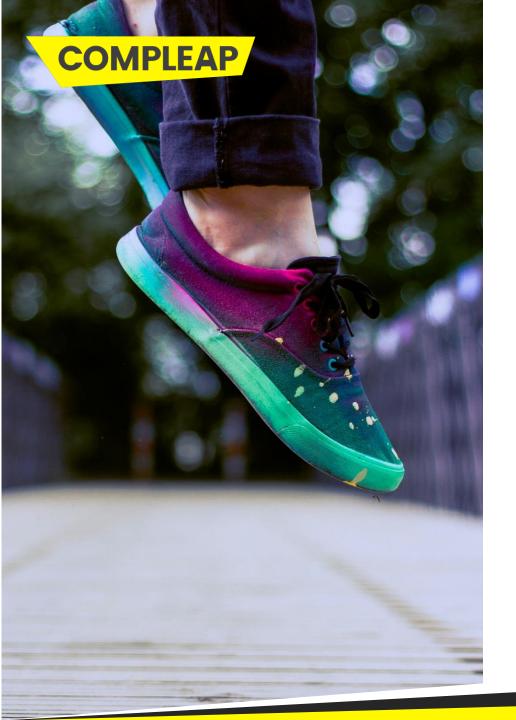
- **15:05** // Commenting speech from the perspective of lifelong guidance Raimo Vuorinen, Ph.D., Project manager, the Finnish Institute for Educational Research
- 15:30 // Panel: Lessons learned what next?

 Raakel Tiihonen, EDUFI, Hans-Peter Benz, Regional Administration Köln, Vera

 Wemer, DUO Executive Agency for Education, Salome Virkus, SA Kutsekoda,

 Estonian Qualifications Authority
- **16:15** // Impact Evaluation Study Main points **Kati Isoaho & Heli Koskenniemi**, Finnish Education Evaluation Centre (FINEEC)
- **16:25** // Closing words





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Welcoming video speech

Li AnderssonMinister of Education



PROJECT OUTCOMES



- 1. Learner-centered framework architecture for EU countries to use as a roadmap
- 2. New open source service prototypes to support lifelong learning and competence development
- **3. Analytics** creating value as a part of new service prototypes

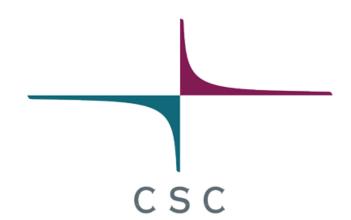


COMPLEAP PARTNERS















Continuous Learning and Future of Work

Lauri Järvilehto
Professor of Practice,
Aalto University



SHOWCASING PROJECT RESULTS



FRAMEWORK ARCHITECTURE DESIGN

Ari Rouvari (CSC)

LEARNER-CENTERED FRAMEWORK ARCHITECTURE DESIGN



Making life easier for lifelong learners



CONTENTS

PART I – SHORT PRESENTATION OF THE FRAMEWORK ARCHITECTURE What & Why?

PART II – INTERVIEW & DISCUSSION What did we learn? Innovations Experiences

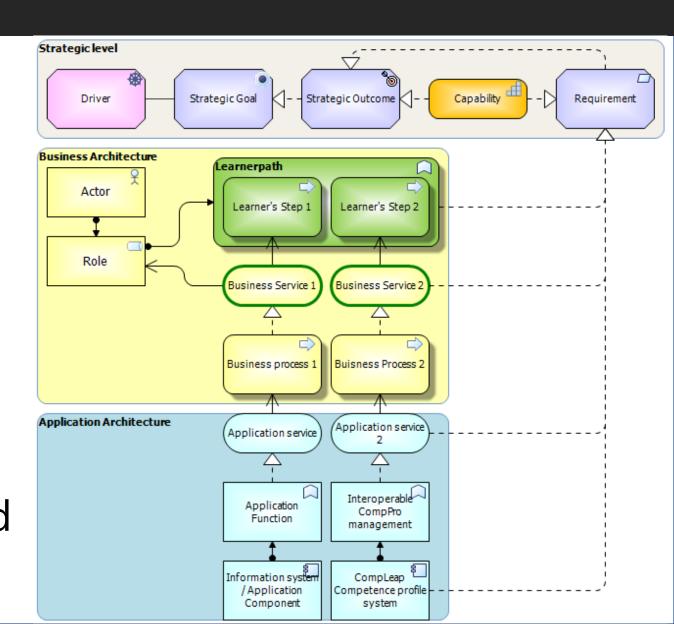


WHAT WE DID?

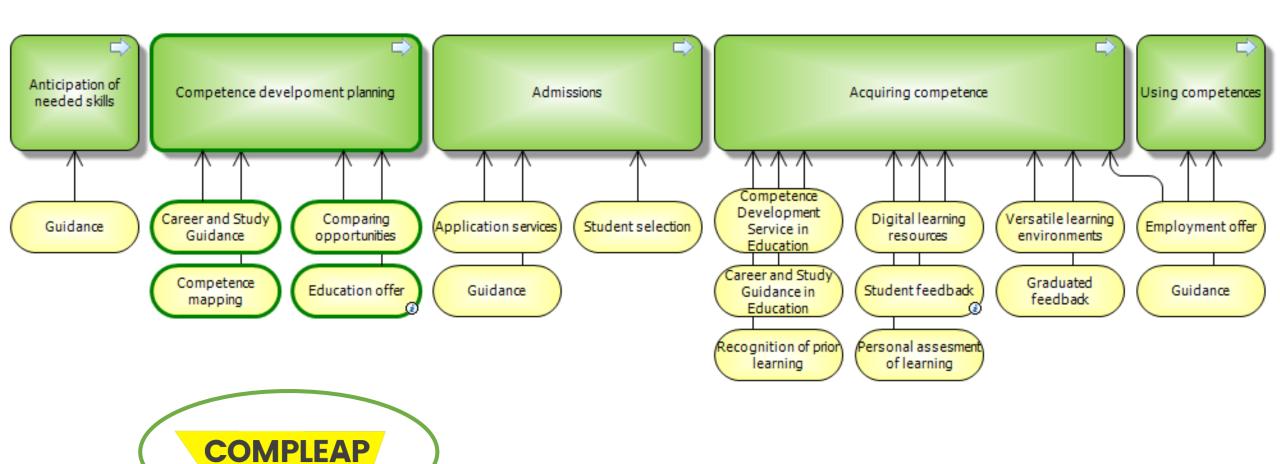
Framework Architecture for EU including

- strategy map
- business architecture
- information architecture
- application architecture

Deploying plan of Compleap architecture in Finland (integration with related reference architectures)



LEARNER'S PATH + SERVICES LEARNER NEED



WHY WE DID?

Deploying the strategy

Visualising our aims and ideas

Documenting our ideas

Co-operation with stakeholders



WHAT DID WE LEARN?

Not easy to go beyond silos Administrative branches Co-operation between different sectors

How to handle the complexity of education and labour market in EU

Be brave! – "Nothing ventured, Nothing gained"



EXPERIENCES?

Enterprise architecture is an excellent tool for:

- co-operation
- planning
- documenting our ideas
- breaking silos
- holistic point of view



EXPERIENCES?

But EA is:

- hard to use
- hard to understand (technical language)
- visuality

We need

- A management-oriented way of modelling
- an agile and adaptive architecture



INNOVATIONS?

Importance of a Competence profile "Competence wheel"

Importance of Learner's path

Importance of Lifelong guidance



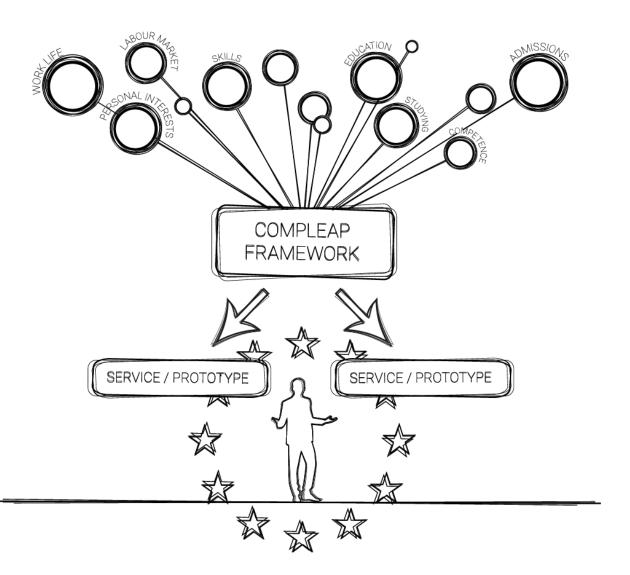
The Competence Likelong autdancer to address **Accelerator** Lifelong learning Competences Informal Assessment competencies results Work Skills history Click to add text **COMPETENCE PROFILE** Ability to Interests learn and work Realities Culture

The Core Wheel of

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SHOWCASING THE PROTOTYPE

Annica Moore & Marcus Caselius





Decide what to study next. Trying to find an inspiring new educational path

Lisa Ellvood L —

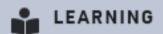


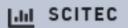
PROTOTYPE

Competence profile

https://compleapproto.testiopintopolku.fi/









LEARNER-CENTERED CONTENT WITH ANALYTICS



Personalizing the user experience

- -personal data put in by the learner
- -authenticated data from national registries
- -recommendation algorithms

→Encouraging the user to reflect on their competences, interests and future learning possibilities.



I'VE GOT MY OWN THING



BUT WHERE TO STUDY FURTHER, THAT'S THE TRICKY PART.

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Fields of interest

Next we will look at your fields of interest.

Choose 3 – 10 topics you'd like to work with.

ART AND CULTURE

NATURE AND ENVIRONMENT

GEOGRAPHY AND SOCIETAL PLANNING

SOCIETY AND ECONOMY

SAFETY AND SECURITY

EDUCATION

HEALTH AND WELFARE

COMMUNICATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

TOURISM AND RESTAURANT SECTOR

TRAFFIC AND LOGISTICS

HISTORY AND RELIGION

MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS

POC.COMPLEAP.TESTIOPINTOPOLKU.FI

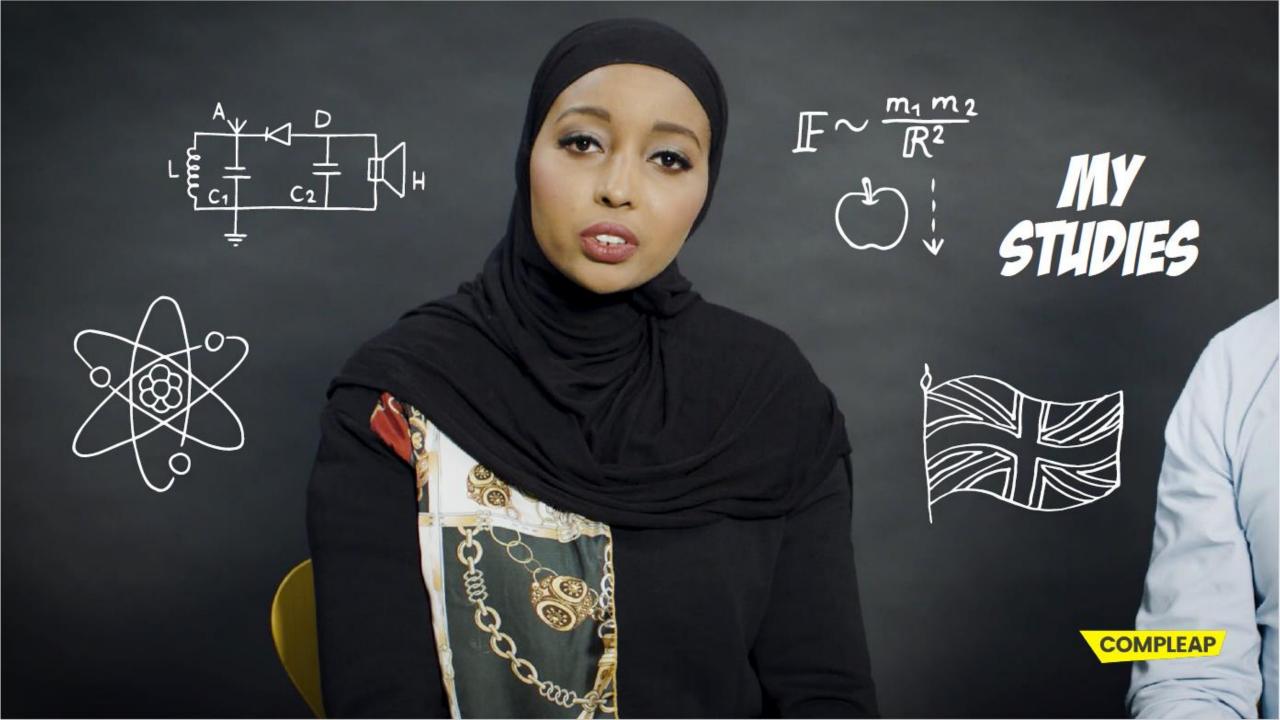


Share your thoughts about the prototype!

Go to www.menti.com and use code xxxxx

PILOTING THE COMPLEAP SERVICE

Eglė Gedrimienė, Antti Kaasila & Topias Kähärä



PILOTING GOAL: RECEIVING INPUT FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SERVICE FROM **REAL LEARNERS**

3 associate partner vocational educational institutions

15 councelors and teachers

1 tests per councelor

= 150
pilot tests

1.

Piloting sessions include:

- 1. collection of background information
- 2. user testing session
- 3. questionnaire on the prototype

2.

Distributed
deployment: Guidance
counsellors in OSAO,
REDU and GRADIA
conduct piloting.

The questionnaire results are collected via Webropol.
Summaries created.

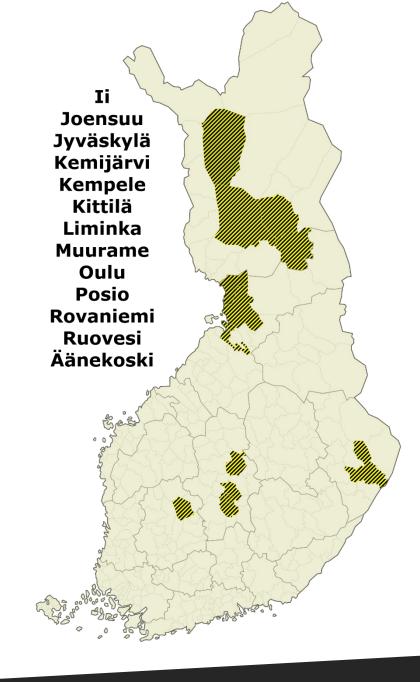
4.

Results analysed (UOulu). EDUFI analyse observations for the development of the prototype and for reporting.

87 Individual piloting sessions

86% of users under the age of 30

9 number of separate first languages in user population







The prototype was easy to use

While it did not strengthen the users' confidence to apply, the users could see the potential if the service was running

The prototype provided a large amount of interests and they seemed suitable

Dividing prior education into competencies was deemed somewhat useful

83% would use the application

Recommendations have to be accurate and trustworthy

For self-guidance when it is not clear what to study and for mapping study options

Gathering information on studying and open study places

Getting new ideas





Growing need for personal guidance

Digitalisation will be a big part in counselling services

Customisation needed for different user group

Could be used as a tool in counselling work

Limitations should be taken into account



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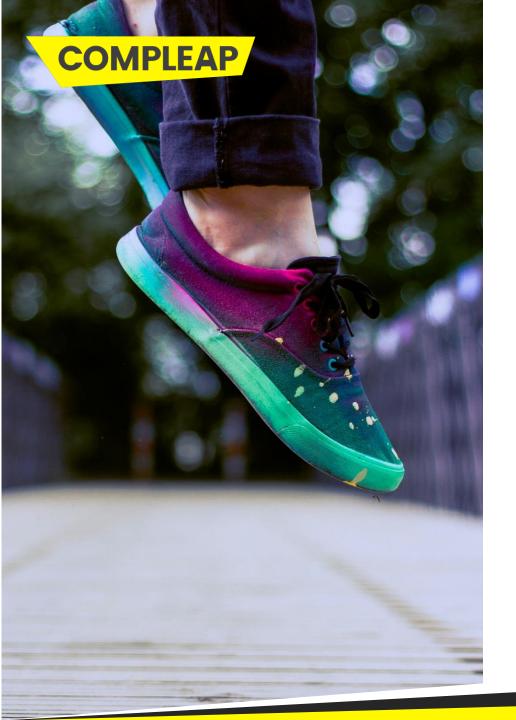
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Commenting speech from the perspective of lifelong guidance

Raimo Vuorinen
Project manager, the
Finnish Institute for
Educational Research



Commentary speech from the perspective of lifelong guidance

Raimo Vuorinen, Ph.D Project Manager University of Jyväskylä, Finland

Compleap final seminar Helsinki, 14 October 2019



Increased interest globally for career guidance

- Changes in labour market fluidity has resulted increased interest in career guidance among the public
 - / Need for career information
 - / Need for support in phases of transitions
 - / Need for Career Management Skills as an explicit competence which can be learned
- Policy makers are interested in decreasing the skills mismatch and career guidance provide a tool for achieving this
 - / Refrences in EU policy documents with regards to unemployment, early school leaving, adult learning, validation, early and school education, higher education, VET, youth, employment and skills policies, entrepreneurship
- Need for a new inferface between e-Guidance and e-Governance



Transformation of lifelong guidance

- As careers are becoming increasingly multidirectional individuals need lifelong career management skills in identifying their strengths and using their full potential in the labour market.
- The perspective of lifelong guidance has shifted from an input-oriented perspective (provision of supporting services, teaching) to an outcomeoriented view to acquisition of lifelong career management skills.
- This is connected with a shift in attitude from helping to enabling an individuals



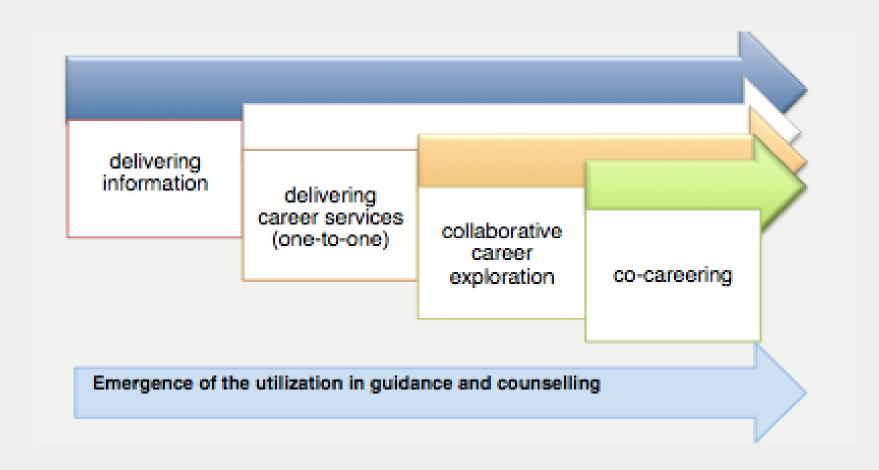
Roles of ICT in lifelong guidance

- As a tool to assist, enhance, and further develop traditional approaches to the provision of career development services, resources and tools;
- As an alternative to traditional approaches to such provision;
- As an agent of change in transforming, accessing, using and managing career development services, resources, and tools
- As an administrative tool to support, among others, evidence collection, evidence based policy development, accountability, quality assurance, and policy and systems co-ordination and coherence within and across sectors;
- As an integrative agent, establishing a common conceptual framework for the design and delivery of lifelong guidance services, resources and tools across different sectors (education, training, employment, and social).

Expanding and evolving role of ICT in career services

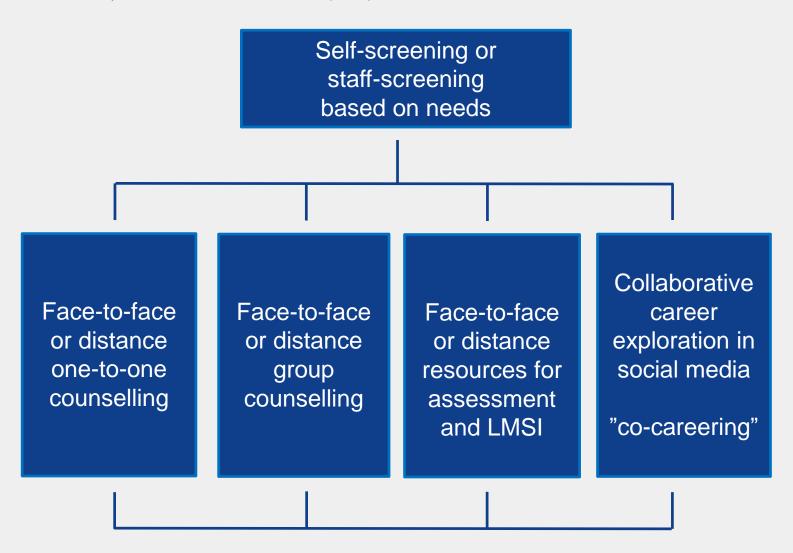


(Kettunen 2017)



Transformation of guidance services and the use of ICT

Kettunen, J., Sampson, J. P., Jr., & Vuorinen, R. (2015).





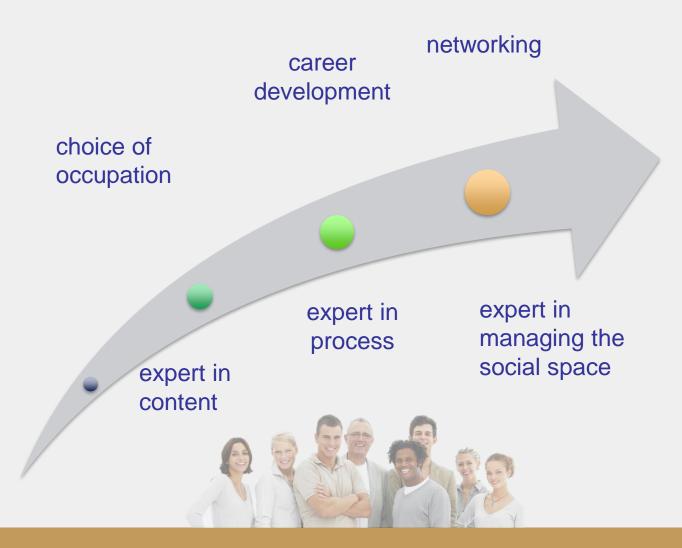
Co-careering

in which shared expertise and meaningful co-construction on career issues take place with and among community members (Kettunen, 2017, p.41).





Evolving role of guidance professionals





Perceived developments in the of use of ICT in Lifelong Guidance

initial use of ICT in guidance new information and data access

new ways of service delivery

sustaining new ways of service delivery

Kettunen, J., & Vuorinen, R. (2017)



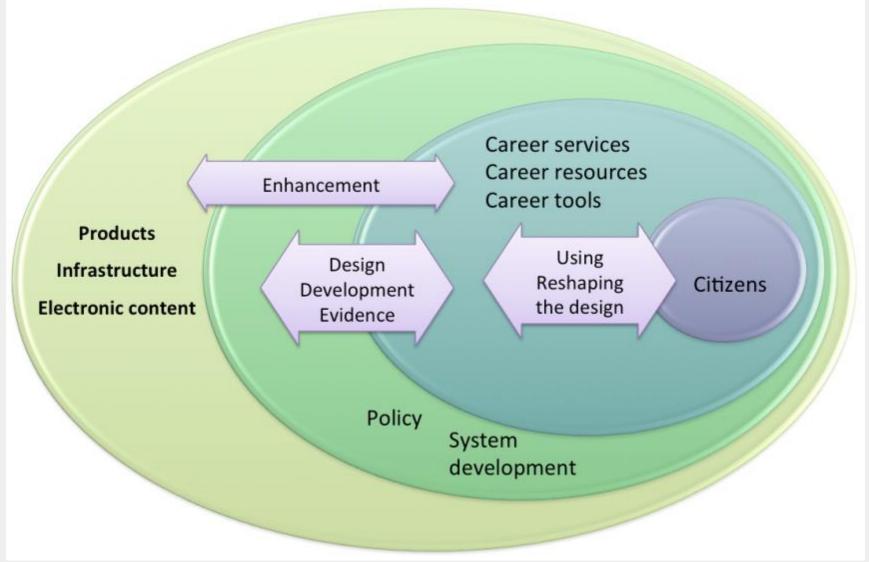
Perceived challenges in implementation of ICT in career services

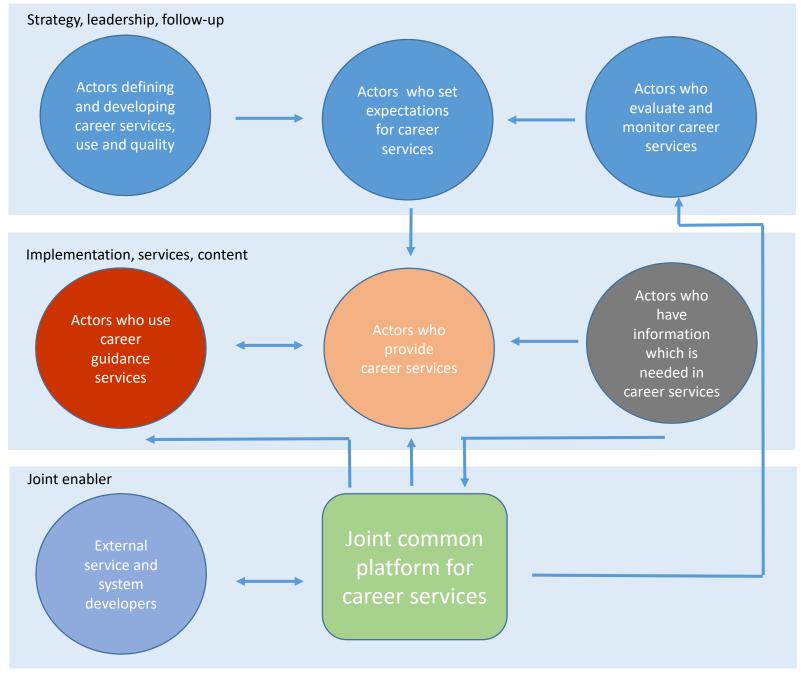


Kettunen, J., & Sampson, J. (2018): *Challenges in implementing ICT in career services: perspectives from career development experts*









Granström, A. (2018) Slutrapport – Digital platform för livslång vägledning. 2018-08-30. Arbetsförmedlingen



Thank you!



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PANEL LESSONS LEARNED AND POSSIBILITIES FOR THE FUTURE

Raakel Tiihonen, EDUFI

Hans-Peter Benz, Regional Administration Köln

Vera Wemer, DUO – Executive Office for Education

Salome Virkus, SA Kutsekoda, Estonian Qualifications Authority



IMPACT EVALUATION STUDY - KEY POINTS

Kati Isoaho & Heli Koskenniemi Finnish Education Evaluation Centre

The initial findings and conclusions presented today focus on the two issues:

- 1) Future potential of the CompLeap development work
- 2) Policy aspects of the continuous learning in the CompLeap context



Findings and conclusions presented today are the initial ones. There are still some steps to do in gathering the evaluation material as well as analyzing the collected material deeply enough.



1. The key outcome recognised by the various actors as well as stakeholders:

the software architecture, developed and based to the Finnish system and centralised data resources.



2. CompLeap development work makes visible that joined and advanced competence-based and learner-centered digital services aimed for the individual citizens as well as counselling staff are possible in countries that have centralized data resources.



 Interviews show that the stakeholders have been widely included in the design and implementation of the CompLeap project.



4. Managing the expectations regarding the project outcomes and impact is seen as a challenge. The expectations set in the beginning of the project are high ("a competence-based and learner centered digital service that advance the continuous learning in the area of EU").

What is realistic to achieve in two years of the project work?



5. Completion of the international dimension is still relatively low:

the developed architecture is not adjustable as such to the all EU countries.



6. CompLeap prototype is seen as a tool that requires individual users to have:

1) advanced language skills2) advanced IT skills

Challenge: some of the key target groups (such as immigrants) have limitations in these



7. Future: who has got the ownership of the project key outcomes (software architecture, algorithm, stakeholder network around the project).





Thank you!

What did you think about the seminar?

www.menti.com code xxxxx